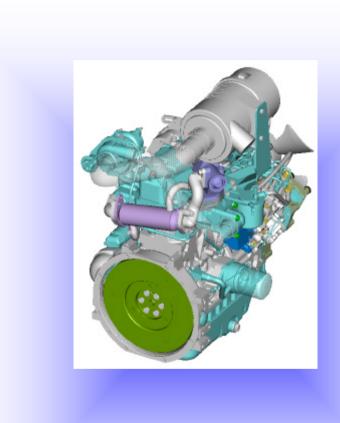


TNV TIER3 INTRODUCTION





Introduction program:

TNV TIER3 Technology (basic introduction)

Engine model and technical update

(DIS)advantages NEW technology

TNV ECO governor (practice & visualization)

ECO governor system operation

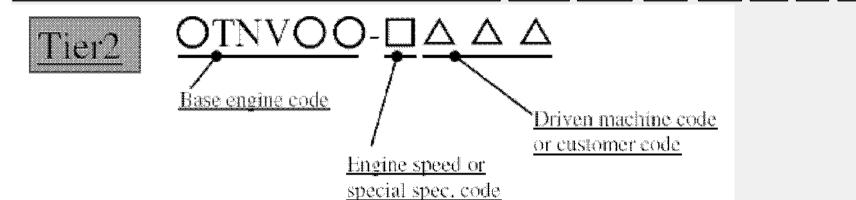
Yanmar service tool

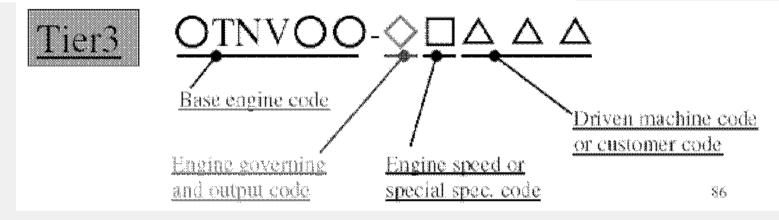
Yanmar Service tool explanation

Diagnostics & troubleshooting



Engine model coding (new)





B: mechanical governor

U: mechanical governor and derating

Z: electric governor

E: electric governor and derating



Engine model technical update

Target is to comply with EPA Tier 3 / Intermediate 4 regulations enforced from 2008.

NV1 series (< 19 kW), regulation is less strict in comparison to higher CLASS (output).

No modification

NV2 series (19~37 kW), High pressure FO injection together with combustion matching are needed to comply the regulations.

modification

NV3 series (37~75 kW), High pressure FO injection together with electronic controlled EGR are needed to comply the regulations.

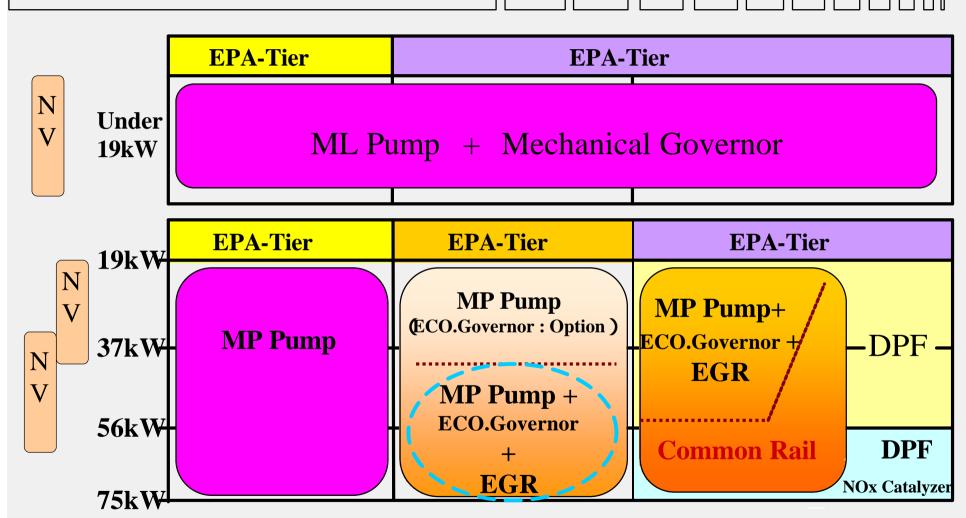
modification

1st = Tier3 spec. 2nd = control costs INCREASE of electronic controlled parts 3rd = PRODUCT improvement(capability)

Final = YANMAR introduced ECO governor system



Engine model technical update



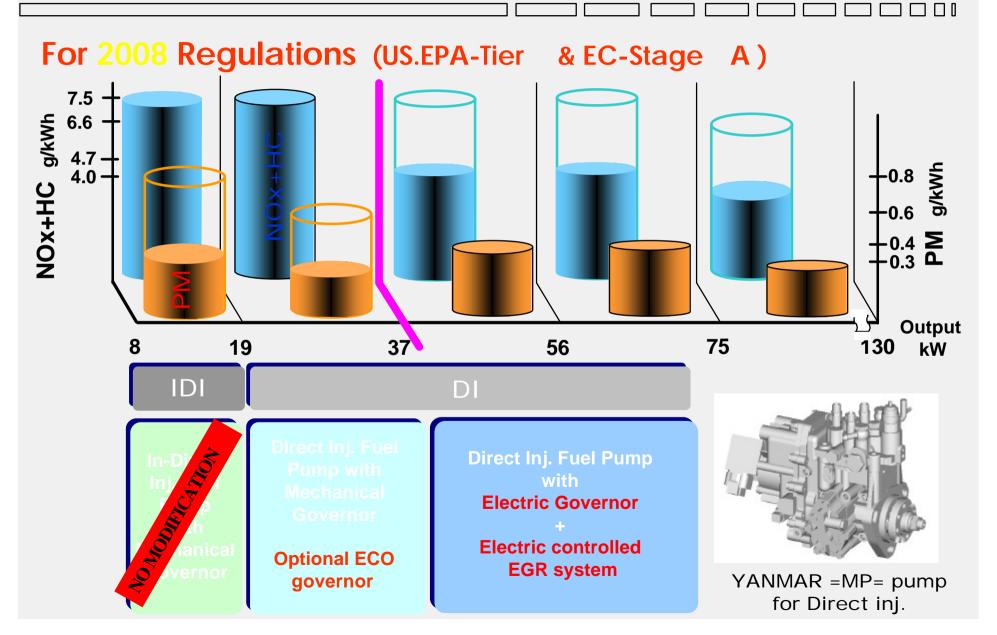
MP Pump = Mono Plunger Pump

ML Pump = **Mini in Line Pump**

ECO.Governor = **Electronic Control Governor**

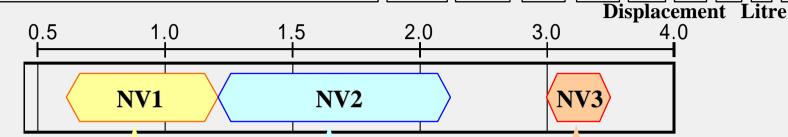


Engine model technical update





Engine model technical update



NV1 (IDI)

Tier II technology is applied to Tier III

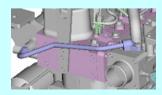
•ML Pump



NV2 (DI)

Higher pressure of fuel injection

(ECO Governor is option)



NV3 (DI)

Higher pressure of fuel injection

Electronic control EGR

ECO Governor
•MP pump with ECO governor

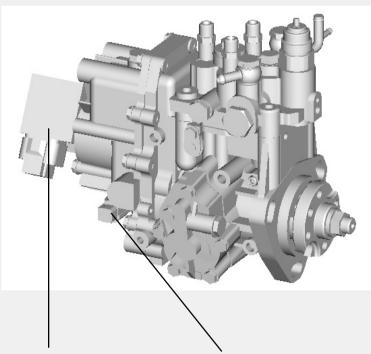




Engine model technical update

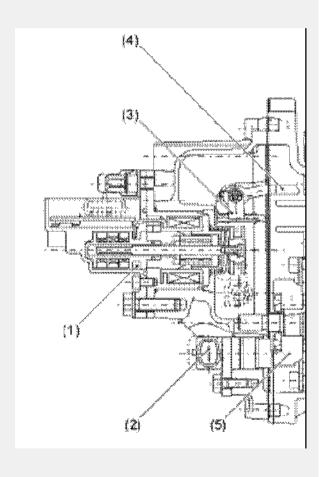
MP pump (FO-injection)

minor change(internal)



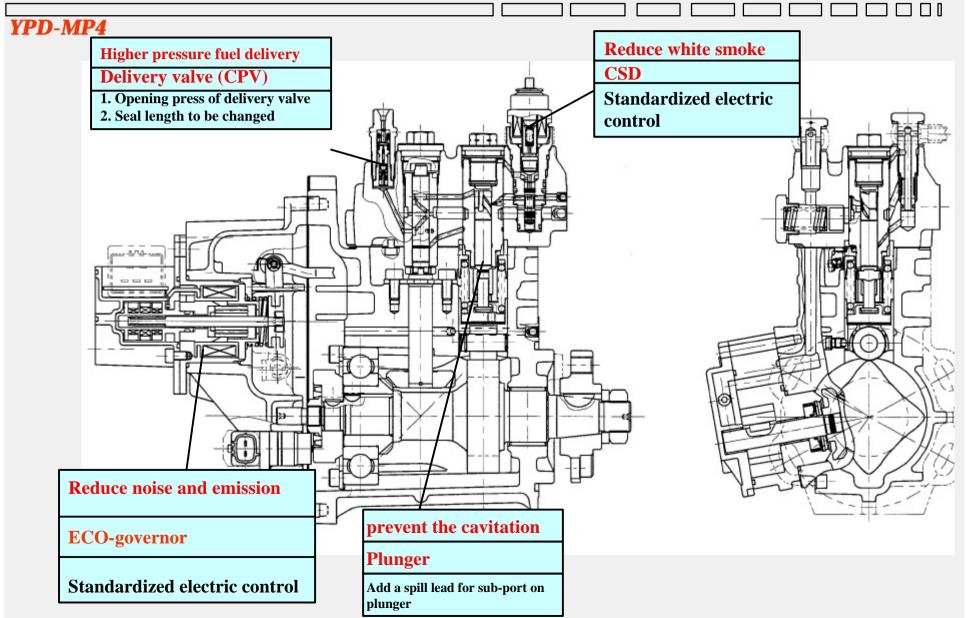
(1) Governor actuator (2) Speed sensor

- (3) Governor lever
- (4) Governor link
- (5) Speed sensor gear





Engine model technical update

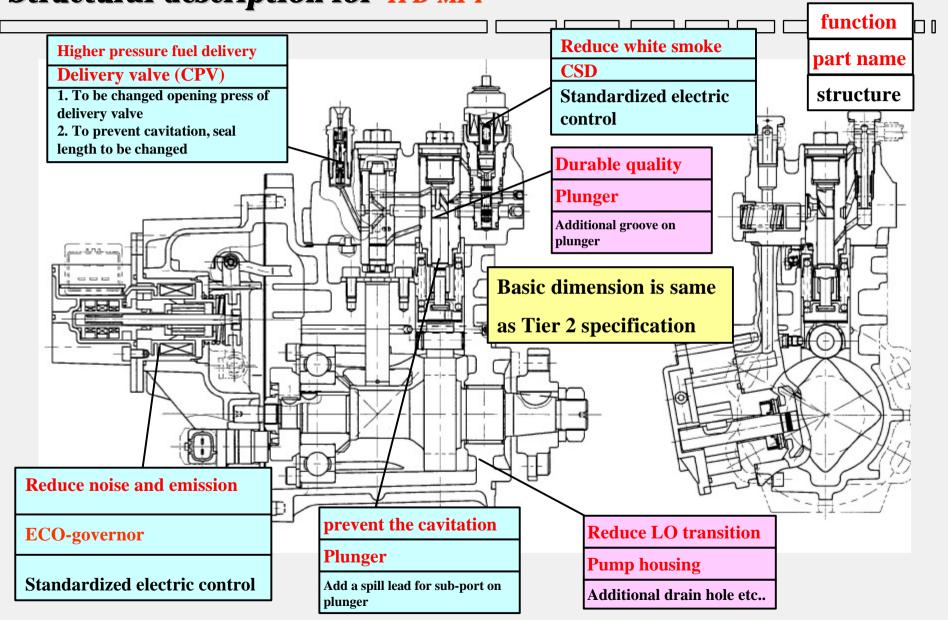




Tier3; part to be changed

Tier2; part was applied

Structural description for YPD-MP4





Engine model technical update

NV3 range



Optimization of combustion = exhaust emission improvement

Low exhaust gas emission

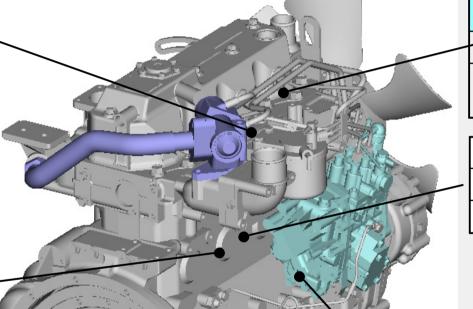
(1) Electric EGR valve

Reduction of NOx in exhaust gas re-circulation

Improvement of reliability

(3) Piston ring

Improvement of frictionImprovement of corrosion



Low exhaust gas emission

(5) Fuel injection nozzle

Optimization of nozzle hole diameter

Improvement of reliability

(4) Cylinder block

Reduction of FOP vibration

Low noise & Low exhaust gas emission

(2) Electric control governor

reduction of free acceleration smoke, smoke at starting in fuel quantity control

noise reduction in Iso-chronous control at high idle speed



Engine model technical update

Principle of EGR system

How to reduce NOx?

*Temperature (The higher the temperature is, the more Nox generated.)

*Intake air (The more the quantity of intake air is, the more Nox generated.)

2-ways to achieve this:

Retard (delay) ignition timing.
 GOOD for emission regulation
 BAD for Engine performance & fuel economy

CREATES soot and its reducing OIL change interval

2. Reduce amount of oxygen in cylinder, to slow down combustion process.

Less oxygen drops cylinder and combustion process temperature.

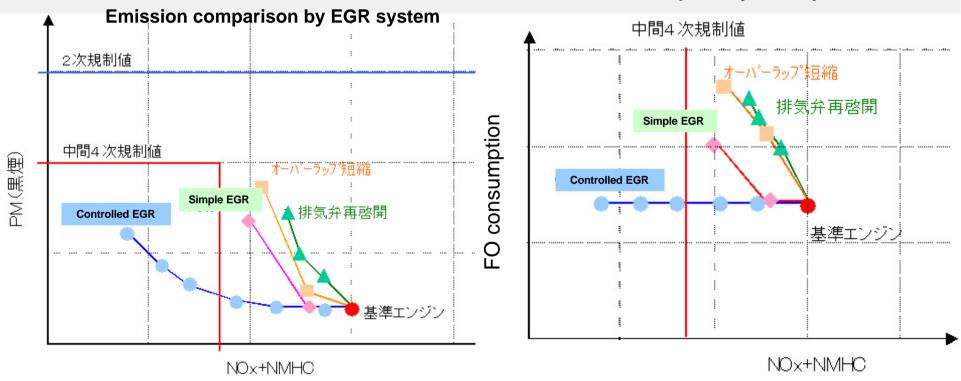
This is done by re-circulating some exhaust gas back into the cylinder



Engine model technical update

Electric Control EGR system

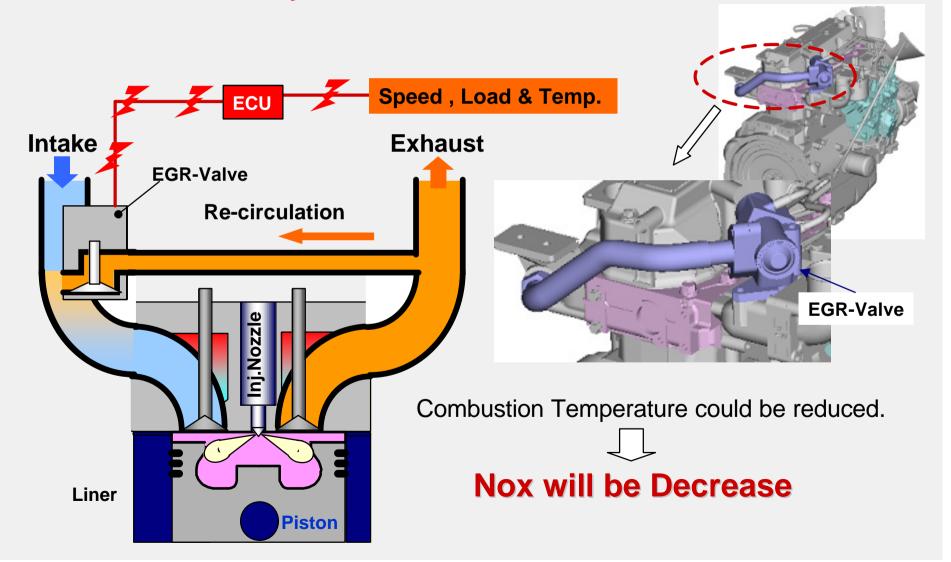
FO consumption by EGR system





Engine model technical update

Electric Control EGR system





(dis)advantages NEW technology

Advantages of ECO governor

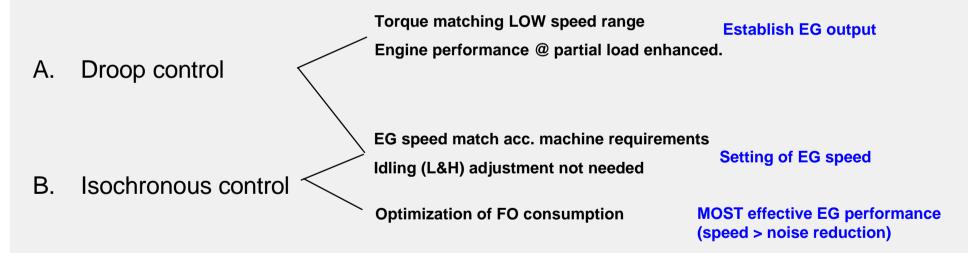
- Controlled EGR valve by engine speed and load Reduce NOx level for environmental friendly
- Optimum fuel delivery rate at starting and acceleration Reduce smoke level which is the weak point for diesel engine
- Combination control with ECU on machine side using CAN-bus correspondence Adjustable engine speed and droop by machine condition
- Available failure mode diagnosis and service tool Using personal computer



(dis)advantages NEW technology

Advantages of ECO governor

BIG feature is complete free control of engine speed versus FO amount. NO major restrictions. We can get best power output which matches the work performance of customers machine / application.



TOTAL is Torque curve control

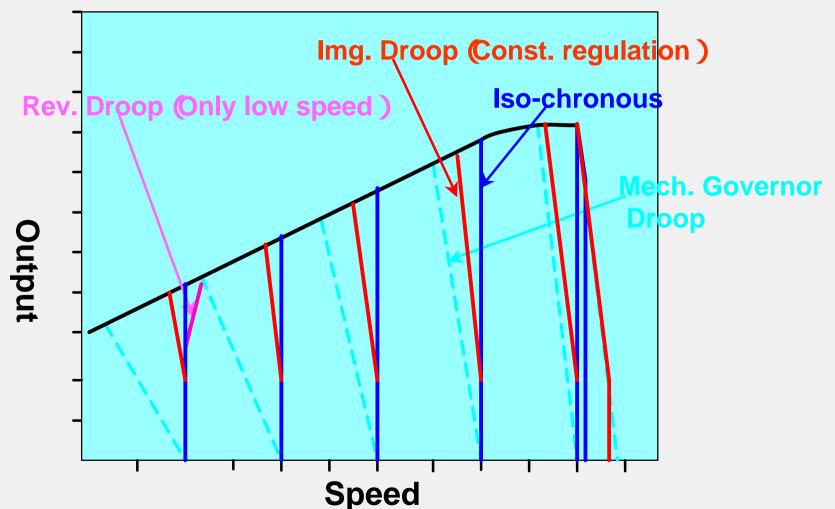


(dis)advantages NEW technology



Torque curve = Droop & Isochronous control

Selective Governor Mode (: Option)





(dis)advantages NEW technology

Advantages of ECO governor

C. Start control Optimized rack position (= FO qty) Black smoke at starting and acceleration is reduced

Start Sd 1~2 > Sd 5~6 Acceleration Sd 2~3 > Sd ~1

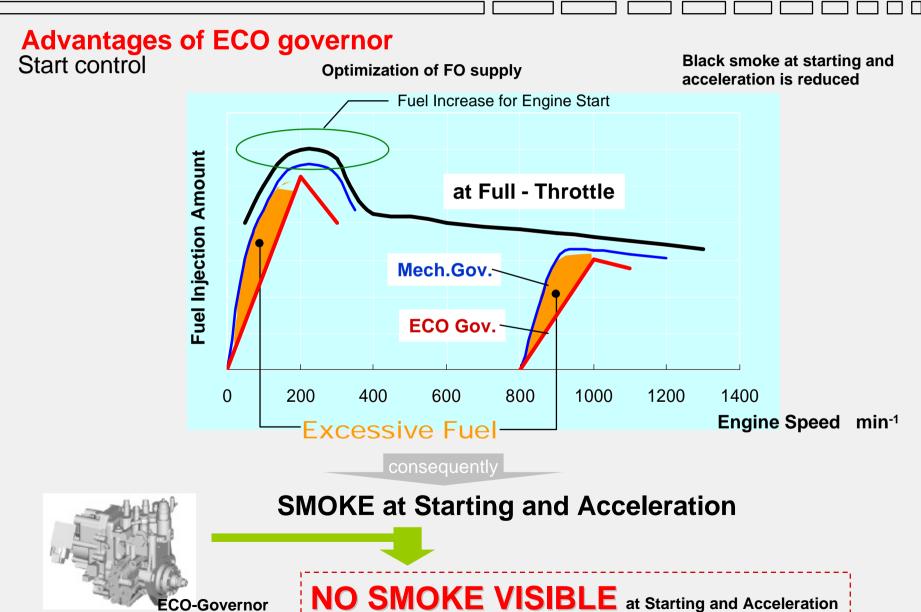
Improved cold start performance Fuel injection timing is optimized

D. Acceleration control FO injection control @ acceleration Fuel amount is optimized



ECO-Governor

(dis)advantages NEW technology





(dis)advantages NEW technology

Advantages of ECO governor

E. Idling speed control Pending on CW temp. idling speed

will be adjusted.

EG warm-up time reduced (10-30 min)

EG protection @ high idle & less white smoke (20~50%)

F. After heat control

Starting aid devices activated after

start

G. Communication function

Data gather by ECO system

CAN function available

Connection available for troubleshoot (PC)

Possible to monitor engine performance

Optimize machine performance through structured network (CAN)

System diagnoses (incl history)



(dis)advantages NEW technology

Disadvantages of ECO governor

- A. Costs increase
- B. New technology introduced

New advantaged technology / improved engine performance

Customer to be shown advantages

Current service system needs to be updated and trained